Cornell

Health

Unhelpful Thinking Styles

Feeling stressed? Thoughts like these do NOT help ...

Live Well to Learn Well

Web:

health.cornell.edu

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607-255-0269

Appointments:

Monday-Saturday

Check web for hours, services, providers, and appointment information

110 Ho Plaza, Ithaca, NY 14853-3101

Burns, David (1980) Feeling Good: The New Mood Therapy

All or nothing thinking



Sometimes called 'black and white thinking'

If I'm not perfect I have failed

Either I do it right or not at all

Overgeneralising

"**everything** is **always** rubbish"

"**nothing** good **ever** happens" Seeing a pattern based upon a single event, or being overly broad in the conclusions we draw

Mental filter



Only paying attention to certain types of evidence.

Noticing our failures but not seeing our successes

Disqualifying the positive



Discounting the good things that have happened or that you have done for some reason or another

That doesn't count

Jumping to conclusions



2 + 2 = 5

There are two key types of jumping to conclusions:

- Mind reading
 (imagining we know what others are thinking)
- Fortune telling (predicting the future)

Magnification (catastrophising) & minimisation



Blowing things out of proportion (catastrophising), or inappropriately shrinking something to make it seem less important

Emotional reasoning



Assuming that because we feel a certain way what we think must be true.

I feel embarrassed so I must be an idiot

should **must**

Using critical words like 'should', 'must', or 'ought' can make us feel guilty, or like we have already failed

If we apply 'shoulds' to other people the result is often frustration

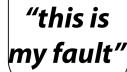
Labelling



Assigning labels to ourselves or other people

I'm a loser I'm completely useless They're such an idiot

Personalisation



Blaming yourself or taking responsibility for something that wasn't completely your fault. Conversely, blaming other people for something that was your fault.



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